

LIHEAP Report to Congress for Fiscal Year 2019: Part IV. Program Implementation Data
Supplemental Tables: State Maximum LIHEAP Income-Eligibility Standards

Table IV-1. Percent of States Selecting Various Maximum LIHEAP Income-Eligibility Standards, FY 2019ⁱ

LIHEAP Income-Eligibility Standards (by Percentage Intervals of 2018 HHS Poverty Guidelines)	Heating Assistance	Cooling Assistance	Winter Crisis Assistanceⁱⁱ	Year-Round Crisis Assistanceⁱⁱⁱ	Summer Crisis Assistance^{iv}	Weatherization Assistance
Number of states	51	21	25	24	6	49
Household income at or above 150% (percentage of states)	80%	81%	80%	88%	83%	100%
Household income between 111% and 149% (percentage of states)	20	19	20	13	17	0
Household income at 110% (percentage of states)	0	0	0	0	0	0

ⁱ The data in this table are current as of September 15, 2020. These data are derived from *LIHEAP Performance Data Form for FY 2019 - Grantee Survey*. Percentage distributions may not add up to 100 percent across income levels due to rounding.

ⁱⁱ Refers to winter crisis assistance only. The number of states and percentages excludes two states (Alaska and Massachusetts) that provided expedited heating assistance for winter crisis fuel situations through heating assistance funds only. Percentage intervals exclude other types of crisis assistance that mostly involved furnace repair or replacements.

ⁱⁱⁱ Refers to year-round crisis assistance only. Percentage intervals exclude other types of crisis assistance that mostly involved furnace repair or replacement.

^{iv} Refers to summer crisis assistance only. Percentage intervals exclude other types of crisis assistance that mostly involved air conditioner repair or replacements.

*LIHEAP Report to Congress for Fiscal Year 2019: **Part IV. Program Implementation Data***
Supplemental Tables: State Maximum LIHEAP Income-eligibility Standards

Supplemental Table IV-1a. States' Maximum LIHEAP Income-Eligibility Standards for Four-Person Households as a Percentage of the 2018 HHS Poverty Guidelines, by Type of Assistance and by State, FY 2019ⁱ

State	Heating	Cooling	Winter Crisis ⁱⁱ	Year-Round Crisis ⁱⁱⁱ	Summer Crisis ^{iv}	Weatherization
Alabama	150%	150%	150%	--	150%	200%
Alaska ^v	150%	--	--	--	--	150%
Arizona	171%	171%	--	171%	--	200%
Arkansas	150%	150%	150%	--	150%	200%
California ^{vi}	200%	200%	--	200%	--	200%
Colorado	165%	--	165%	--	--	200%
Connecticut	269%	--	269%	--	--	269%
Delaware	200%	200%	--	200%	--	205%
Dist. of Columbia	237%	237%	--	237%	--	237%
Florida	150%	154%	150%	--	154%	205%
Georgia	175%	175%	175%	--	--	200%
Hawaii ^{vi}	150%	--	--	173%	--	200%
Idaho	150%	--	--	150%	--	200%
Illinois	150%	--	150%	--	--	200%
Indiana	182%	--	182%	--	182%	200%
Iowa	175%	--	--	175%	--	200%
Kansas ^v	130%	--	130%	--	--	205%
Kentucky	130%	--	130%	--	--	162%
Louisiana	179%	179%	--	179%	--	205%
Maine	170%	--	170%	--	--	200%
Maryland ^v	175%	175%	--	175%	--	--
Massachusetts ^v	272%	--	--	--	--	272%
Michigan	113%	--	--	150%	--	200%
Minnesota	199%	--	199%	--	--	200%
Mississippi	146%	146%	--	146%	--	200%
Missouri	135%	--	135%	--	135%	200%
Montana	183%	--	--	183%	--	200%
Nebraska	130%	130%	--	130%	--	200%
Nevada ^{vi}	150%	--	--	150%	--	150%
New Hampshire ^v	253%	--	253%	--	--	253%
New Jersey	200%	200%	200%	--	--	200%
New Mexico	150%	150%	--	150%	--	200%
New York	220%	220%	220%	--	--	220%
North Carolina	130%	--	--	150%	--	200%
North Dakota	221%	--	--	221%	--	221%

LIHEAP Report to Congress for Fiscal Year 2019: Part IV. Program Implementation Data
Supplemental Tables: State Maximum LIHEAP Income-eligibility Standards

State	Heating	Cooling	Winter Crisis ⁱⁱ	Year-Round Crisis ⁱⁱⁱ	Summer Crisis ^{iv}	Weatherization
Ohio	175%	--	175%	--	180%	205%
Oklahoma	130%	130%	--	130%	--	163%
Oregon	188%	188%	--	188%	--	200%
Pennsylvania	150%	--	150%	--	--	200%
Rhode Island	232%	--	232%	--	--	232%
South Carolina	150%	154%	--	150%	--	200%
South Dakota	175%	--	175%	--	--	--
Tennessee	150%	150%	--	150%	--	200%
Texas	150%	150%	--	150%	--	150%
Utah	150%	--	--	150%	--	150%
Vermont	209%	--	209%	--	--	209%
Virginia	130%	133%	130%	--	--	231%
Washington ^v	125%	--	125%	--	--	200%
West Virginia	168%	--	168%	--	--	200%
Wisconsin	211%	--	--	211%	--	211%
Wyoming	201%	--	201%	--	--	201%

ⁱ (1) Maximum annual income cutoffs for 4-person households were obtained from the *LIHEAP Performance Data Form for FY 2019 - Grantee Survey*. These data are current as of September 15, 2020. The income cutoffs were converted into percentages of the 2018 HHS Poverty Guidelines (HHSPG). The table does not reflect different income cutoffs in place for households with elderly, disabled, or young children, or other crisis assistance, as set by states. (2) The federal maximum LIHEAP income-eligibility guidelines for FY 2019 were based on the greater of 150 percent of 2018 HHSPG or 60 percent of state median income (SMI) for use in FY 2019, based on household size. Optionally, states were permitted to adopt the 2019 HHSPG in place of the 2018 HHSPG to set their maximum income-eligibility guidelines for FY 2019. In addition, states were permitted to use the federal maximum LIHEAP income-eligibility guidelines or the federal maximum Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) income-eligibility guidelines (200 percent of HHSPG) to set their maximum income-eligibility standards for weatherization assistance in FY 2019. States with maximum income-eligibility standards listed that are greater than 150 percent of 2018 HHSPG are verified as being at or below the federal maximum LIHEAP income-eligibility guidelines for FY 2018. (3) A designation of "--" indicates that these data are not applicable for states that did not provide that type of assistance.

ⁱⁱ Refers to winter crisis assistance only. The number of states and percentages excludes 2 states (Massachusetts and Alaska) that provided expedited heating assistance for winter crisis fuel situations through heating assistance funds only. Percentage intervals exclude other types of crisis assistance that mostly involved furnace repair or replacements.

ⁱⁱⁱ Refers to year-round crisis fuel assistance only. Household income cutoffs exclude other types of crisis assistance that mostly involved furnace or air conditioner repair or replacements.

^{iv} Refers to summer crisis fuel assistance only. Household income cutoffs exclude other types of crisis assistance that mostly involved furnace or air conditioner repair or replacements.

^v Expedited heating assistance was provided to households in crisis fuel situations in Alaska, Kansas, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and Washington.

^{vi} Combined heating and cooling assistance were provided in Nevada; and energy assistance was provided in Hawaii; with no differentiation made between heating and cooling assistance. These states reported funds obligated and households served under heating assistance. A cooling assistance eligibility standard of "--" is thus applied to each state.