CCDF Quick Facts: FY2016 Data
Data Source: FY2016 Preliminary ACF-801 Data

CCDF child care subsidies help low-income families with children under age 13 pay for child care so that parents can work or participate in training or education activities. Parents typically receive subsidies in the form of vouchers that they can use with a provider of their choice – such as a relative, neighbor, child care center, or after-school program. States and Territories have a great deal of flexibility to establish child care subsidy policies to meet their needs.

NUMBER SERVED
Approximately 1.37 million children and 823,600 families per month received child care assistance in FY 2016.

REASONS FOR CARE
In FY 2016, 91 percent of families cited either employment or education and training as the reason for needing child care. Another 8 percent cited protective services as reasons for care.

FAMILY COPAYMENTS
Of those families with reported income in FY 2016, approximately 76 percent paid a copayment; the remaining 24 percent of the families with reported income had $0 copay. For families that were assessed a copayment, the average copayment was 7 percent of family income.

INCOME LEVEL
Of the families served in FY 2016, 47 percent were below the Federal Poverty Level (FPL), or $20,160 for a family of three. Twenty-eight percent had incomes between 100 and 150 percent of the FPL, and 13 percent had incomes above 150 percent of the FPL. The remaining families had invalid or unreported data (5 percent), or a child as only recipient (6 percent).

OTHER SOURCES OF SUPPORT
Nationally, the average monthly percent of families reporting income from TANF was approximately 13 percent in FY 2016. Most States give first priority for child care assistance to families currently receiving, at-risk of receiving, or transitioning off TANF. CCDF families also reported income from SNAP (43 percent) and Housing (4 percent).
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Below are facts related to children receiving subsidies and the providers who serve them.

### TYPE OF CARE
CCDF subsidy program emphasizes parental choice; therefore, children are cared for in a wide variety of settings.

- 72% cared for in a child care center
- 22% cared for in family child care homes
- 3% cared for in the child’s own home
- 2% had invalid data or did not report any data

### PROVIDERS RECEIVING CCDF FUNDS
Nationally, in FY 2016, 305,524 child care providers served children receiving CCDF subsidies.

- 15% (46,979) child home providers
- 57% (175,629) family child care home providers
- 27% (82,916) child care centers

### AGES OF CHILDREN
Subsidies help pay for care for infants and toddlers, preschoolers, and school-aged children.

- 28% younger than 3 years old
- 27% 3 & 4 years old
- 10% 5 years old
- 35% 6 years & older

### REGULATED VERSUS NON-REGULATED CARE
Nationally, in FY 2016:

- 86% served in regulated settings
- 12% served in settings legally operating without regulation. Of those:
  - 45% served by relatives in child’s own home or in family child care homes
  - 26% served by non-relatives in child’s own home or in family child care homes
  - 29% served in centers

### PROPORTION OF REGULATED PROVIDERS RECEIVING CCDF FUNDS

- For 16 States and Territories, 85 - 100 percent of providers were regulated
- For 24 States and Territories, 50 < 85 percent of their providers were regulated
- For 10 States and Territories, 25 < 50 percent of providers were regulated
- For 5 States and Territories less than 25 percent of providers were regulated

Note: at the time of this analysis, Virgin Islands had not submitted data on provider type or regulation status, so the Territory is not included in the counts.