

CHILD PROTECTIVE SERVICES

This focus report provides an overview of the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) expenditures for child protective services (CPS). The report includes the number of CPS recipients for Federal fiscal year (FY) 2013 and usage trends of SSBG expenditures for CPS for 5 years. States have substantial discretion in the use of SSBG funds and may determine what services to provide, who is eligible to receive services, and how funds are applied. States may use SSBG funds to support the provision of CPS.¹

CPS are designed to prevent or remedy abuse, neglect, or exploitation of children who may have been harmed through physical or emotional injury, sexual abuse or exploitation, or lack of adequate food, clothing or shelter, or medical care. The SSBG uniform definition of CPS stipulates that funds may be used to address allegations of abuse or neglect with the following component services and activities:

- conducting investigations and assessments
- providing emergency medical services and shelter
- developing case plans
- initiating legal action
- counseling for the child and the family
- assessing and evaluating family circumstances
- arranging alternative living arrangements, including foster care
- managing cases and referrals to service providers²

Another source of Federal funding for CPS is the Child Abuse and Neglect State Grants provided under the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (CAPTA).³ These grants are

¹ For purposes of this report, “States” include the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

² SSBG service definitions can be found on the Office of Community Services website:
<http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ocs/resource/uniform-definition-of-services>.

³ 42 U.S.C. §5101 et seq; 42 U.S.C. §5116 et seq.



awarded to States according to the number of children age 18 years and younger in the State and must be used to support and improve State CPS systems. No State match is required. CAPTA specifies nine purposes for which funds may be used.⁴ These purposes are similar to the goals articulated by the SSBG legislation.⁵ When SSBG expenditures were compared with Child Abuse and Neglect State Grants only, the ratio of CAPTA allocations to SSBG expenditures for CPS was 1 to 15 in 2013. (See table 1.)

In FY 2013, CPS agencies in the United States received approximately 3.5 million referrals involving alleged maltreatment concerning approximately 6.4 million children.⁶ Almost one-fifth (18%) of the cases that received an investigation were substantiated cases of child abuse or neglect. In 2013, approximately 679,000 children were found to be victims of maltreatment. Of these children, 80% were victims of neglect, 18% were victims of physical abuse, and 9% were victims of sexual abuse.⁷ Given the number of referrals and substantiated cases of maltreatment received by CPS agencies, support for the provision of CPS is critical.

CHILD PROTECTIVE SERVICES EXPENDITURES IN 2013

The SSBG program disburses funds to States in proportion to their populations. In addition, a State may transfer up to 10% of its annual Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) block grant funds into its SSBG program.⁸ States report annually on SSBG expenditures and recipients in a post-expenditure report. SSBG expenditures are the expenditures of the SSBG allocation combined with TANF block grant funds transferred into the SSBG program (TANF transfer). (See figure 1.)

⁴ The nine purposes for which CAPTA funds may be used include: intake, assessment, screening, and investigation of child abuse and neglect reports; multidisciplinary protocols to enhance investigation; case management and services to children and families; improved risk and safety assessment tools and supportive information systems; CPS staff training; mandated reporter training; prevention, treatment and research programs; improved service to infants with life-threatening illnesses and their families; and neighborhood-level programs to prevent and treat child abuse and neglect.

⁵ 42 U.S.C. §1397.

⁶ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2015). *Child Maltreatment 2013*. Retrieved from <http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/cm2013.pdf>.

⁷ Ibid.

⁸ 42 U.S.C. §604(d)(3)(B).

Figure 1
Expenditure Terminology



In 2013, 39 States reported spending approximately \$373 million for CPS, which accounted for 18% of SSBG expenditures in these States. (See table 2.) States spent 13% of all SSBG expenditures on CPS, making it the second largest service by share of expenditures out of all 29 SSBG service categories.

Among the 39 States that reported any SSBG expenditures for CPS in 2013, the percentage of States' total SSBG expenditures used for CPS varied from less than 1% to 85% (see table 2):

- Hawaii reported the largest percentage of SSBG expenditures for CPS (85%), spending approximately \$11 million.
- Three other States used more than 50% of their total SSBG expenditures for CPS—Oklahoma (64%), Kentucky (63%), and Oregon (51%).
- Nine States used 20% or more of their SSBG expenditures for CPS—South Carolina (44%), Michigan (42%), Mississippi (36%), West Virginia (35%), Virginia (27%), New York (26%), Nebraska (26%), Delaware (22%), and Louisiana (20%).

In 2013, States reported transferring \$1.3 billion from the TANF block grant to the SSBG program. Of this amount, 21 States spent \$241 million in TANF funds to support CPS. TANF transfer funds accounted for approximately 65% of all SSBG expenditures for CPS.

(See table 2.):

- In five States—Alaska, Connecticut, Montana, New York, and Rhode Island—TANF transfer funds accounted for 100% of SSBG expenditures for CPS.
- In 10 other States, TANF transfer funds accounted for more than 50% of SSBG expenditures for CPS—Mississippi (90%), Hawaii (88%), Ohio (77%), Michigan (73%), North Carolina (71%), Florida (70%), Maryland (70%), Oklahoma (67%), Louisiana (55%), and West Virginia (54%).

The 39 States with SSBG expenditures for CPS also reported approximately \$3.7 billion in other Federal, State, and local funds for CPS. These other funds accounted for a majority (91%) of total expenditures for CPS. (See table 3.)

CHILD PROTECTIVE SERVICES RECIPIENTS IN 2013

In 39 States, 2,424,598 individuals received CPS funded, in whole or in part, by the SSBG program. In the States that used SSBG funds for CPS, the number of recipients ranged from a low of 316 to a high of 846,273 (see table 4):

- Texas reported the largest number of individuals (846,273) benefitting from CPS funded by SSBG expenditures.
- An additional seven States served 75,000 or more individuals— Florida (220,816), Pennsylvania (204,002), North Carolina (151,427), Kentucky (142,007), New York (88,322), Michigan (87,920), and Washington (81,533).

States report recipients in two categories—children and adults.⁹ Eighty percent (1,951,414) of persons receiving CPS services funded in whole or in part by SSBG were children. Texas reported the largest number (387,680) of children who benefited from CPS funded by SSBG.

CHILD PROTECTIVE SERVICES EXPENDITURE TRENDS: 2009–2013¹⁰

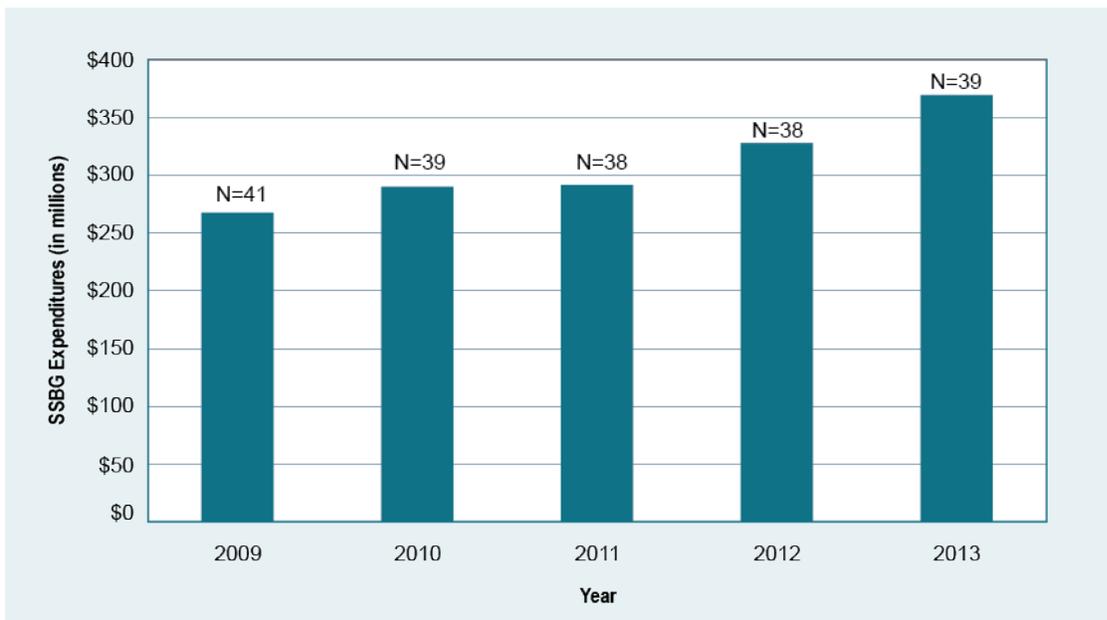
Between 2009 and 2013, States reported a 38% increase in SSBG expenditures for CPS, from \$270 million to \$373 million. (See figure 2.) SSBG expenditures for CPS as a percentage of SSBG expenditures for all services during the past 5 years varied from a low of approximately 10% in 2009 to a high of approximately 13% in 2013. (See figure 3.) TANF transfer funds have consistently comprised more than half of SSBG expenditures for CPS, between 51% and 65% for the years 2009-2013.

During the past 5 years, the number of CPS recipients has increased 11%, from 2,181,044 in 2009 to 2,424,598 in 2013. Recipient numbers increased steadily from 2009 (2,181,044) to 2011 (2,467,939) before decreasing slightly to their 2013 total. (See figure 4.)

⁹ These adults may have been family members of child service recipients, who received related services.

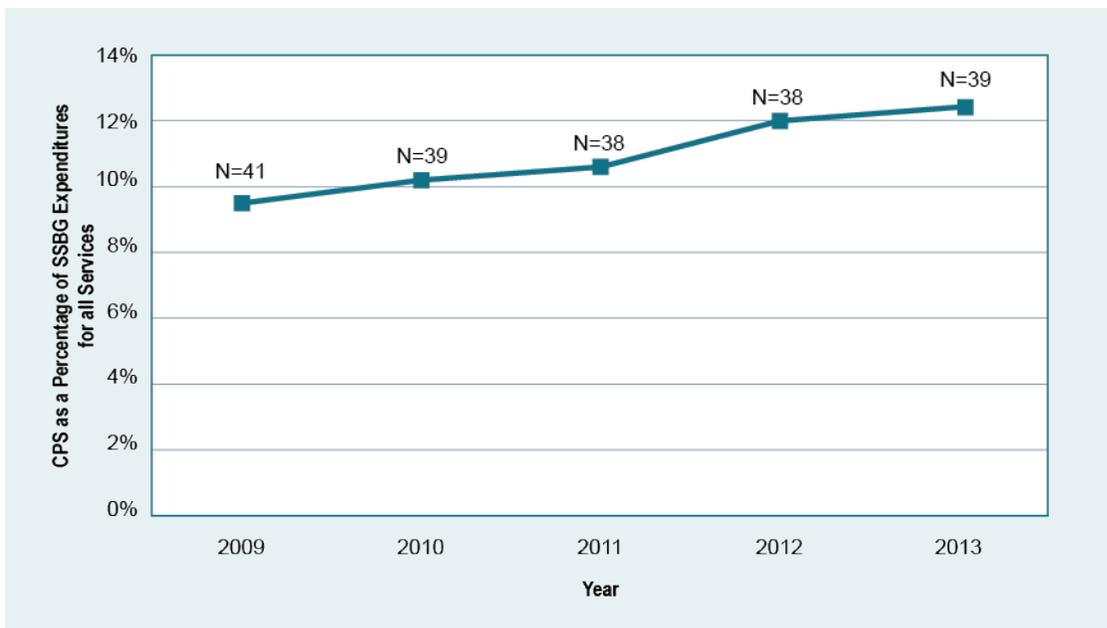
¹⁰ Between the time SSBG Annual Reports are produced and the production of the SSBG Focus Reports, some States may update their expenditures data. As a result, some estimates will differ slightly between SSBG Annual Reports and SSBG Focus Reports.

Figure 2
SSBG Expenditures for Child Protective Services, 2009–2013



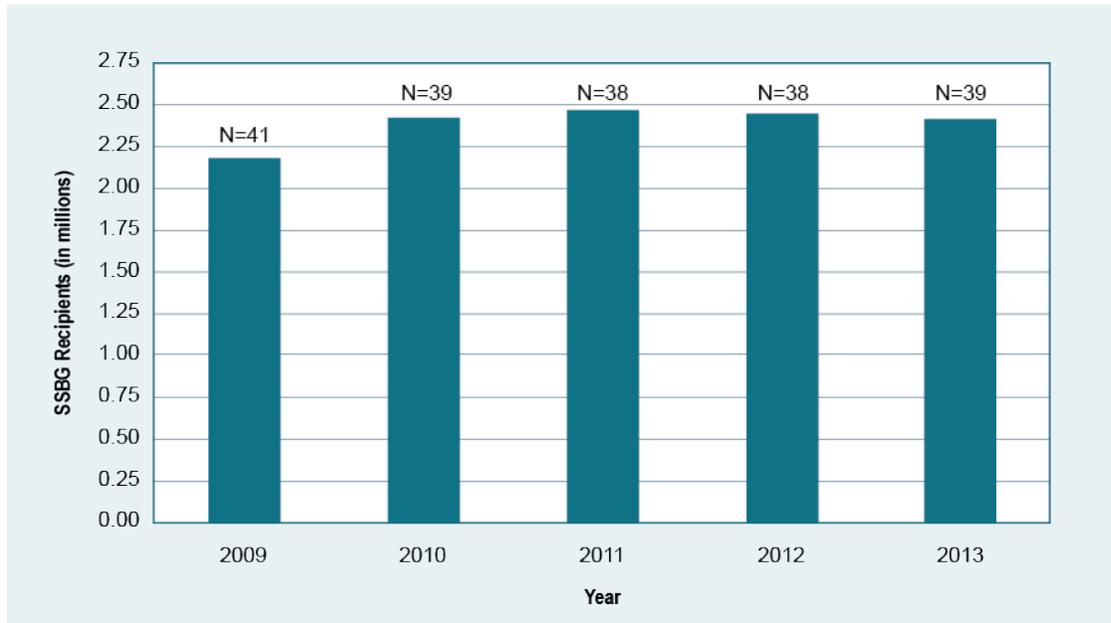
N = Number of States reporting CPS expenditures and recipients

Figure 3
SSBG Expenditures for Child Protective Services (CPS) as a Percentage of All SSBG Expenditures, 2009–2013



N = Number of States reporting CPS expenditures and recipients

Figure 4
Recipients of Child Protective Services Funded by SSBG, 2009–2013



N = Number of States reporting CPS expenditures and recipients

SUMMARY

In 2013, the amount of SSBG expenditures for CPS was the second largest of the 29 SSBG service categories. Approximately three-quarters of the States (39 out of 52) used SSBG expenditures to support the provision of CPS. Eleven of the 39 States used at least a quarter of their SSBG funds for CPS. However, States used SSBG funds to augment other sources of funding for CPS, with the majority of funding for CPS coming from other Federal, State, and local funds (91%).

During the past 5 years, the States reported a 38% increase in SSBG expenditures for CPS from \$270 million in 2009 to \$373 million in 2013. Between 2009 and 2013, States reported an 11% increase in CPS recipients funded in whole or in part by SSBG.

Table 1
Funding for Child Protective Services (CPS), 2013

State	CAPTA State Allocations ¹	SSBG Expenditures for CPS	Ratio of CAPTA Allotments to SSBG Expenditures for CPS ²
Alabama	\$ 380,472	\$ 0	
Alaska	\$ 105,250	\$ 1,514,742	1:14
Arizona	\$ 526,474	\$ 0	
Arkansas	\$ 258,307	\$ 906,690	1:4
California	\$ 2,768,474	\$ 0	
Colorado	\$ 410,655	\$ 0	
Connecticut	\$ 285,527	\$ 1,846,382	1:6
Delaware	\$ 110,007	\$ 1,042,775	1:9
District of Columbia	\$ 80,883	\$ 0	
Florida	\$ 1,221,144	\$ 22,377,152	1:18
Georgia	\$ 780,012	\$ 8,253,832	1:11
Hawaii	\$ 139,308	\$ 11,186,674	1:80
Idaho	\$ 175,521	\$ 1,314,266	1:7
Illinois	\$ 958,353	\$ 67,740	14:1
Indiana	\$ 518,408	\$ 141,881	4:1
Iowa	\$ 262,381	\$ 0	
Kansas	\$ 262,250	\$ 4,172,588	1:16
Kentucky	\$ 349,338	\$ 14,699,869	1:42
Louisiana	\$ 377,849	\$ 7,613,268	1:20
Maine	\$ 128,933	\$ 650,312	1:5
Maryland	\$ 444,826	\$ 7,332,995	1:16
Massachusetts	\$ 461,942	\$ 73,524	6:1
Michigan	\$ 723,119	\$ 53,523,239	1:74
Minnesota	\$ 424,563	\$ 2,046,572	1:5
Mississippi	\$ 269,966	\$ 8,638,799	1:32
Missouri	\$ 464,026	\$ 358,981	1:1
Montana	\$ 115,193	\$ 859,237	1:7
Nebraska	\$ 184,888	\$ 2,448,088	1:13
Nevada	\$ 244,615	\$ 0	
New Hampshire	\$ 132,090	\$ 35,613	4:1
New Jersey	\$ 648,940	\$ 0	
New Mexico	\$ 202,291	\$ 673,553	1:3
New York	\$ 1,306,633	\$ 121,052,255	1:93
North Carolina	\$ 720,709	\$ 5,373,609	1:7
North Dakota	\$ 94,318	\$ 0	
Ohio	\$ 839,599	\$ 4,119,916	1:5
Oklahoma	\$ 324,476	\$ 21,785,786	1:67
Oregon	\$ 303,252	\$ 10,534,626	1:35
Pennsylvania	\$ 859,556	\$ 13,010,036	1:15
Puerto Rico	\$ 306,983	\$ 0	
Rhode Island	\$ 114,367	\$ 1,900,000	1:17
South Carolina	\$ 366,813	\$ 10,800,700	1:29
South Dakota	\$ 109,564	\$ 1,142,585	1:10
Tennessee	\$ 487,486	\$ 0	
Texas	\$ 2,090,849	\$ 492,486	4:1
Utah	\$ 308,102	\$ 3,142,200	1:10
Vermont	\$ 86,948	\$ 0	
Virginia	\$ 593,449	\$ 14,896,571	1:25
Washington	\$ 513,762	\$ 3,443,399	1:7
West Virginia	\$ 162,819	\$ 7,294,744	1:45
Wisconsin	\$ 438,837	\$ 2,628,382	1:6
Wyoming	\$ 89,563	\$ 0	
TOTAL	\$ 24,534,090	\$ 373,396,067	1:15

¹ The Child Abuse Prevention Treatment Act (CAPTA) provides Federal funding to States in support of prevention, assessment, investigation, prosecution, and treatment activities, and also provides grants to public agencies and nonprofit organizations for demonstration programs and projects. 42 U.S.C §5101 et seq; 42 U.S.C. §5116 et seq.

² Ratios based on calculations with 0 as a denominator were left blank.

Table 2

SSBG Expenditures for Child Protective Services (CPS), 2013

State	SSBG Allocation for CPS	TANF Transfer for CPS	SSBG Expenditures for CPS	SSBG Expenditures for All Services	TANF Transfer as a Percentage of SSBG Expenditures for CPS	CPS as a Percentage of All SSBG Expenditures
Alabama	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 30,812,196	0%	0%
Alaska	\$ 0	\$ 1,514,742	\$ 1,514,742	\$ 8,247,074	100%	18%
Arizona	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 66,123,261	0%	0%
Arkansas	\$ 906,690	\$ 0	\$ 906,690	\$ 16,373,663	0%	6%
California	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 567,779,981	0%	0%
Colorado	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 32,819,772	0%	0%
Connecticut	\$ 0	\$ 1,846,382	\$ 1,846,382	\$ 33,540,000	100%	6%
Delaware	\$ 1,042,775	\$ 0	\$ 1,042,775	\$ 4,748,985	0%	22%
District of Columbia	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 7,559,932	0%	0%
Florida	\$ 6,687,385	\$ 15,689,767	\$ 22,377,152	\$ 160,192,353	70%	14%
Georgia	\$ 8,253,832	\$ 0	\$ 8,253,832	\$ 50,535,344	0%	16%
Hawaii	\$ 1,296,674	\$ 9,890,000	\$ 11,186,674	\$ 13,186,229	88%	85%
Idaho	\$ 1,057,057	\$ 257,209	\$ 1,314,266	\$ 8,610,715	20%	15%
Illinois	\$ 67,740	\$ 0	\$ 67,740	\$ 69,348,120	0%	<1%
Indiana	\$ 141,881	\$ 0	\$ 141,881	\$ 34,007,109	0%	<1%
Iowa	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 28,728,847	0%	0%
Kansas	\$ 4,172,588	\$ 0	\$ 4,172,588	\$ 25,384,510	0%	16%
Kentucky	\$ 14,699,869	\$ 0	\$ 14,699,869	\$ 23,170,141	0%	63%
Louisiana	\$ 3,396,709	\$ 4,216,559	\$ 7,613,268	\$ 37,393,959	55%	20%
Maine	\$ 650,312	\$ 0	\$ 650,312	\$ 14,419,150	0%	5%
Maryland	\$ 2,194,317	\$ 5,138,678	\$ 7,332,995	\$ 52,917,780	70%	14%
Massachusetts	\$ 73,524	\$ 0	\$ 73,524	\$ 80,774,536	0%	<1%
Michigan	\$ 14,396,519	\$ 39,126,720	\$ 53,523,239	\$ 128,384,578	73%	42%
Minnesota	\$ 1,725,347	\$ 321,225	\$ 2,046,572	\$ 31,988,303	16%	6%
Mississippi	\$ 853,826	\$ 7,784,973	\$ 8,638,799	\$ 24,012,154	90%	36%
Missouri	\$ 358,981	\$ 0	\$ 358,981	\$ 52,648,266	0%	1%
Montana	\$ 0	\$ 859,237	\$ 859,237	\$ 7,134,167	100%	12%
Nebraska	\$ 2,448,088	\$ 0	\$ 2,448,088	\$ 9,487,163	0%	26%
Nevada	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 14,503,038	0%	0%
New Hampshire	\$ 35,613	\$ 0	\$ 35,613	\$ 6,392,727	0%	1%
New Jersey	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 62,888,393	0%	0%
New Mexico	\$ 673,553	\$ 0	\$ 673,553	\$ 10,720,695	0%	6%
New York	\$ 0	\$ 121,052,255	\$ 121,052,255	\$ 466,290,219	100%	26%
North Carolina	\$ 1,559,543	\$ 3,814,066	\$ 5,373,609	\$ 62,990,781	71%	9%
North Dakota	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,521,345	0%	0%
Ohio	\$ 934,871	\$ 3,185,045	\$ 4,119,916	\$ 105,137,330	77%	4%
Oklahoma	\$ 7,257,642	\$ 14,528,144	\$ 21,785,786	\$ 34,049,393	67%	64%
Oregon	\$ 10,534,626	\$ 0	\$ 10,534,626	\$ 20,521,801	0%	51%
Pennsylvania	\$ 13,010,036	\$ 0	\$ 13,010,036	\$ 96,253,487	0%	14%
Puerto Rico	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 15,949,353	0%	0%
Rhode Island	\$ 0	\$ 1,900,000	\$ 1,900,000	\$ 14,576,508	100%	13%
South Carolina	\$ 10,800,700	\$ 0	\$ 10,800,700	\$ 24,587,081	0%	44%
South Dakota	\$ 704,322	\$ 438,263	\$ 1,142,585	\$ 7,339,993	38%	16%
Tennessee	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 34,158,282	0%	0%
Texas	\$ 492,486	\$ 0	\$ 492,486	\$ 161,887,457	0%	<1%
Utah	\$ 2,887,900	\$ 254,300	\$ 3,142,200	\$ 24,935,291	8%	13%
Vermont	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 7,960,610	0%	0%
Virginia	\$ 10,491,069	\$ 4,405,502	\$ 14,896,571	\$ 55,512,297	30%	27%
Washington	\$ 3,443,399	\$ 0	\$ 3,443,399	\$ 40,840,658	0%	8%
West Virginia	\$ 3,384,310	\$ 3,910,434	\$ 7,294,744	\$ 20,570,301	54%	35%
Wisconsin	\$ 1,627,212	\$ 1,001,170	\$ 2,628,382	\$ 44,851,242	38%	6%
Wyoming	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 4,775,315	0%	0%
TOTAL	\$ 132,261,396	\$ 241,134,671	\$ 373,396,067	\$ 2,961,541,885	65%	13%

Table 3

Total Expenditures for Child Protective Services (CPS), 2013¹

State	SSBG Expenditures for CPS	Other Federal, State, and Local Funds for CPS	Total Expenditures for CPS	SSBG Expenditures as a Percentage of Total Expenditures for CPS
Alabama	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
Alaska	\$ 1,514,742	\$ 17,845,202	\$ 19,359,944	8%
Arizona	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
Arkansas	\$ 906,690	\$ 0	\$ 906,690	100%
California	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
Colorado	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
Connecticut	\$ 1,846,382	\$ 0	\$ 1,846,382	100%
Delaware	\$ 1,042,775	\$ 23,535,580	\$ 24,578,355	4%
District of Columbia	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
Florida	\$ 22,377,152	\$ 139,225,758	\$ 161,602,910	14%
Georgia	\$ 8,253,832	\$ 178,630,869	\$ 186,884,701	4%
Hawaii	\$ 11,186,674	\$ 38,965,834	\$ 50,152,508	22%
Idaho	\$ 1,314,266	\$ 5,411,322	\$ 6,725,588	20%
Illinois	\$ 67,740	\$ 0	\$ 67,740	100%
Indiana	\$ 141,881	\$ 90,561	\$ 232,442	61%
Iowa	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
Kansas	\$ 4,172,588	\$ 17,063,096	\$ 21,235,684	20%
Kentucky	\$ 14,699,869	\$ 89,282,375	\$ 103,982,244	14%
Louisiana	\$ 7,613,268	\$ 47,714,041	\$ 55,327,309	14%
Maine	\$ 650,312	\$ 4,094,532	\$ 4,744,844	14%
Maryland	\$ 7,332,995	\$ 103,496,464	\$ 110,829,459	7%
Massachusetts	\$ 73,524	\$ 380,277	\$ 453,801	16%
Michigan	\$ 53,523,239	\$ 14,344,949	\$ 67,868,188	79%
Minnesota	\$ 2,046,572	\$ 22,543,313	\$ 24,589,885	8%
Mississippi	\$ 8,638,799	\$ 0	\$ 8,638,799	100%
Missouri	\$ 358,981	\$ 14,184,177	\$ 14,543,158	2%
Montana	\$ 859,237	\$ 19,113,534	\$ 19,972,771	4%
Nebraska	\$ 2,448,088	\$ 8,712,768	\$ 11,160,856	22%
Nevada	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
New Hampshire	\$ 35,613	\$ 21,778,679	\$ 21,814,292	<1%
New Jersey	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
New Mexico	\$ 673,553	\$ 0	\$ 673,553	100%
New York	\$ 121,052,255	\$ 184,694,959	\$ 305,747,214	40%
North Carolina	\$ 5,373,609	\$ 130,748,197	\$ 136,121,806	4%
North Dakota	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
Ohio	\$ 4,119,916	\$ 1,018,109	\$ 5,138,025	80%
Oklahoma	\$ 21,785,786	\$ 18,818,832	\$ 40,604,618	54%
Oregon	\$ 10,534,626	\$ 163,795,904	\$ 174,330,530	6%
Pennsylvania	\$ 13,010,036	\$ 1,768,046,666	\$ 1,781,056,702	1%
Puerto Rico	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
Rhode Island	\$ 1,900,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 2,900,000	66%
South Carolina	\$ 10,800,700	\$ 0	\$ 10,800,700	100%
South Dakota	\$ 1,142,585	\$ 1,172,954	\$ 2,315,539	49%
Tennessee	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
Texas	\$ 492,486	\$ 538,844,817	\$ 539,337,303	<1%
Utah	\$ 3,142,200	\$ 9,810,365	\$ 12,952,565	24%
Vermont	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
Virginia	\$ 14,896,571	\$ 24,894,424	\$ 39,790,995	37%
Washington	\$ 3,443,399	\$ 40,092,001	\$ 43,535,400	8%
West Virginia	\$ 7,294,744	\$ 12,744,558	\$ 20,039,302	36%
Wisconsin	\$ 2,628,382	\$ 35,304,990	\$ 37,933,372	7%
Wyoming	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0%
TOTAL	\$ 373,396,067	\$ 3,697,400,107	\$ 4,070,796,174	9%

¹ Data on other Federal, State, and local expenditures for CPS were collected only for States reporting SSBG expenditures for CPS.

Table 4
Recipients for Child Protective Services, 2013

State	Children ¹	Adults	Total Recipients
Alabama	0	0	0
Alaska	21,299	0	21,299
Arizona	0	0	0
Arkansas	3,097	0	3,097
California	0	0	0
Colorado	0	0	0
Connecticut	1,385	5,101	6,486
Delaware	7,563	0	7,563
District of Columbia	0	0	0
Florida	220,816	0	220,816
Georgia	13,520	0	13,520
Hawaii	6,092	0	6,092
Idaho	2,388	0	2,388
Illinois	316	0	316
Indiana	3,346	0	3,346
Iowa	0	0	0
Kansas	35,863	0	35,863
Kentucky	142,007	0	142,007
Louisiana	45,150	0	45,150
Maine	2,900	0	2,900
Maryland	46,573	0	46,573
Massachusetts	34,968	0	34,968
Michigan	87,920	0	87,920
Minnesota	17,997	4,149	22,146
Mississippi	21,122	0	21,122
Missouri	1,187	0	1,187
Montana	1,536	0	1,536
Nebraska	18,697	0	18,697
Nevada	0	0	0
New Hampshire	65,534	0	65,534
New Jersey	0	0	0
New Mexico	18,511	0	18,511
New York	88,322	0	88,322
North Carolina	151,427	0	151,427
North Dakota	0	0	0
Ohio	32,728	0	32,728
Oklahoma	33,192	0	33,192
Oregon	10,782	0	10,782
Pennsylvania	204,002	0	204,002
Puerto Rico	0	0	0
Rhode Island	550	0	550
South Carolina	8,928	0	8,928
South Dakota	485	0	485
Tennessee	0	0	0
Texas	387,680	458,593	846,273
Utah	27,237	0	27,237
Vermont	0	0	0
Virginia	51,346	0	51,346
Washington	81,533	0	81,533
West Virginia	18,153	0	18,153
Wisconsin	35,262	5,341	40,603
Wyoming	0	0	0
TOTAL	1,951,414	473,184	2,424,598

¹ The definition of a child is defined by each State. In many States, a child refers to an individual younger than 18 years of age.

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