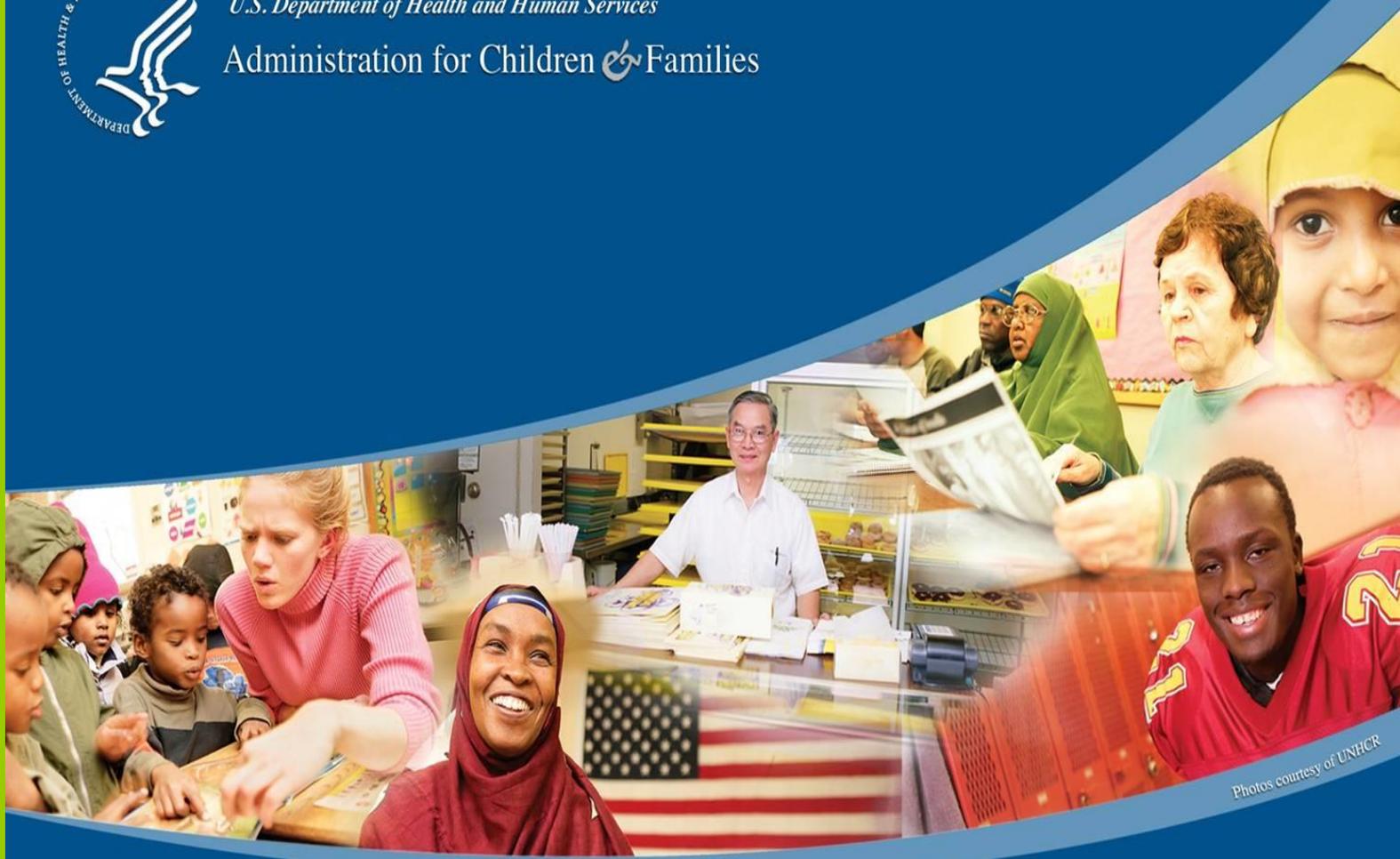


Key Indicators for Refugee Placement FY 2014



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Administration for Children & Families



Photos courtesy of UNHCR

Office of Refugee Resettlement
Providing hope. Restoring dignity. Rebuilding lives.

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I. Introduction

Purpose

The Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR) has assembled key indicators on the domestic refugee landscape for resettlement stakeholders to consider when making placement decisions in FY 2014. In addition, ORR has compiled a list of resources regarding the capacity of communities and states to serve the diverse needs of refugees. ORR intends for this document to supplement resources available to stakeholders, when making placement decisions. Enhanced placement decisions can help promote community engagement, improve refugees' adjustment and promote long-term refugee success in the United States.

Data Sharing

For the third consecutive year, ORR has assembled and delivered key indicators on the domestic refugee landscape to assist PRM in its annual refugee allocation and placement considerations. Additionally, this information is shared with Reception and Placement reviewers who make recommendations on refugee allocation to resettlement agencies. This information will also benefit resettlement agencies and other stakeholders in their assessment for capacity and available resources for refugee resettlement.

Quarterly Placement Meetings

ORR believes in enhanced data driven placement that can help promote sensible community engagement and improve self sufficiency, adjustment and integration for newly arriving refugees. ORR and PRM have worked closely to conduct and facilitate the organization of quarterly placement consultation meetings. The primary focus has been sharing information on refugee processing and arrivals, available funding and resources, and other timely issues affecting refugee placement. A total of nine consultation meetings have been held since 2011. These meetings generally occur via conference calls, and whenever possible, ORR and PRM have facilitated in person participation such as at PRM's Annual Admissions Workshop and ORR Annual National Consultations.

ORR and PRM Leadership

As an enhancement to the quarterly placement meetings, ORR and PRM Leadership increased outreach by visiting multiple locations in several states together, engaging state and local officials and community leaders regarding refugee resettlement. Topics of discussions included refugee placement, secondary migration and available resources to refugees. Additionally, ORR and PRM staff conducted a joint site visit to Minnesota and engaged with representatives of a resettlement agency, area service providers and the state and local government to discuss resettlement needs and gauge local support and capacity for new resettlement possibilities.

Affordable Care Act

ORR considers placement to be a key element in facilitating a refugee's successful adjustment. One major factor that may affect placement is the implementation of the Affordable Care Act (ACA). Accordingly this year's data has incorporated information on health access determinants including updates on states that plan to expand Medicaid during the final implementation phase of ACA, and states that have ruled Medicaid expansion out. ORR's Division of Refugee Health collaborates with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and Medicare and Medicaid Services to promote refugee health.

Technical Assistance

In recognition of the significant impact initial placement has in a refugee's self-reliance and successful integration, ORR's technical assistance (TA) programs are designed to facilitate the reception and acceptance of refugees through information dissemination, targeted technical assistance, and the engagement of local communities in promoting and fostering a welcoming environment. See below for a description of work provided by a few of ORR's TA providers.

1. **ICF International** helps refugee service providers develop robust relationships with federal, state, and community-based partners, especially related to the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Program. Additional information on ICF International technical assistance and services may be found at <http://www.icfi.com/>.
2. **Welcoming America (WA)** works with the national resettlement network and local communities to foster greater stakeholder engagement and a more welcoming environment for refugees. WA focuses on methods that promote a positive community climate for refugee resettlement and for the long-term success of refugees. WA conducted a needs assessment survey with key informative interviews within the refugee network before embarking on their approach including developing webinars that address approaches to fostering community support, hosting learning circles within the resettlement network, and other initiatives. More information and resources can be located on their website at <http://www.welcomingamerica.org/>.
3. **Heartland Alliance International (HAI)** has unveiled numerous resources to promote awareness and support for the LGBT community. These resources include a field manual, videos, and webinars to support service providers in their provision of services to LGBT refugees and LGBT refugees themselves. HAI also makes presentations at resettlement refugee conferences, and engages with service providers to provide technical assistance upon request. The heart of HAI's service is welcoming and accepting. ORR has taken assistance to LGBT refugees one step further by funding HIAS to develop specific sites (e.g. New York, San Francisco) with targeted supports to resettle LGBTI refugees. All resources are available on the HAI website at <http://www.rainbowwelcome.org/>.

For a complete list of ORR Technical Assistance providers please see <http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/orr/resource/technical-assistance-providers-1>.

II. State Overview*

For FY12, ORR eligible populations included:

- 53% refugees admitted under section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
- 26% of Asylees admitted under section 208 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
- 16% of Cuban and Haitian entrants under section 501 of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 (P. L. 96-422)
- 4% of Afghan and Iraqi SIVs admitted under Section 525 of Title V of Division G of Public Law 110-161

The term ORR eligible population and refugee are used interchangeably throughout this document.

1. State Overview

State	FY12 Total ORR Eligible Pop. (#) ¹	FY12 Refugee Arrival (#) ²	FY12 Asylee (#) ³	FY12 C/H Entrant (#) ^{4,†}	FY12 SIV (#) ⁵	Unemployment Rate (%) ⁶	TANF Participants Currently Employed (%) ⁷	FY12 AOGP Refugee Employment Rate (%) ^{8,‡}	FY12 Matching Grant SS Rate at 180 Days (%) ^{9,§}	TANF Benefit Levels for Family of 3 (\$) ¹⁰	RCA Benefit Levels for Single Adult (\$) ¹¹	State Minimum Wage (\$) ¹²	Average Wage for Refugees (\$) ¹³	Median Monthly Housing Costs (\$) ¹⁴	Total ORR Funding (\$) ^{**}
AL	204	145	24	11	24	7.2	30.1	85	12	215	335	N/A ^{††}	8.59	657	830,832
AK	117	88	28	0	1	6.2	30.3	51	N/A	923	514	7.75	9	1,007	1,275,023
AZ	2,723	2,234	139	199	151	7.9	16.2	52	434	278	204	7.80	8.34	859	19,143,197
AR	37	10	27	0	0	7.2	27.9	33	N/A	204	81	6.25	9.05	606	95,000
CA	14,511	5,173	8,588	15	735	9.4	27.6	25	343	638	326-345	8.00	9.6	1,155	50,771,598
CO	1,681	1,458	123	6	94	7.1	25.5	68	146	462	335	7.78	10	851	15,333,291
CT	607	434	139	4	30	8.0	27.3	54	26	674/576	354-427	8.25	9.82	1,006	2,492,578
DE	36	0	31	5	0	7.3	28.5	63	N/A	338	201	7.25	7.99	949	200,000
DC	416	14	393	0	9	8.5	19.9	36	N/A	428	270	8.25	10.42	1,059	1,384,832
FL	20,254	2,244	3,036	14,845	129	7.5	10.9	51	1,570	303	180	7.79	8.43	952	128,162,976
GA	2,830	2,520	184	48	78	8.4	12.3	41	657	280	155	5.15	8.27	800	13,727,627
HI	58	1	57	0	0	5.1	37.1	61	12	610/763	450	7.25	9	1,293	156,000
ID	847	817	10	0	20	6.2	34.2	76	123	309	382	7.25	7.85	694	5,965,885
IL	2,921	2,082	651	22	166	9.5	15.2	53	146	432	243	8.25	9.56	828	12,353,859
IN	1,361	1,197	140	2	22	8.7	24.3	71	239	288	139	7.25	8.97	687	5,106,050

* Other ORR eligible populations not included in this chart are Certified Victims of Trafficking and Unaccompanied Alien Children.

† Cuban and Haitian numbers are approximate. C/H numbers may vary for Florida.

‡ For more information on AOGP outcomes, see Section III: Refugee Employment Outcomes on Page 4.

§ For more information on Matching Grant Program outcomes, see Section III: Refugee Employment Outcomes on Page 4.

** The amount listed in the ORR Funding column does not include Technical Assistance awards.

†† N/A is used as an abbreviation for “not applicable” or “not available” here and throughout this report.

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State	FY12 Total ORR Eligible Pop. (#) ¹	FY12 Refugee Arrival (#) ²	FY12 Asylee (#) ³	FY12 C/H Entrant (#) ^{4,†}	FY12 SIV (#) ⁵	Unemployment Rate (%) ⁶	TANF Participants Currently Employed (%) ⁷	FY12 AOGP Refugee Employment Rate (%) ^{8,‡}	FY12 Matching Grant SS Rate at 180 Days (%) ^{9,§}	TANF Benefit Levels for Family of 3 (\$) ¹⁰	RCA Benefit Levels for Single Adult (\$) ¹¹	State Minimum Wage (\$) ¹²	Average Wage for Refugees (\$) ¹³	Median Monthly Housing Costs (\$) ¹⁴	Total ORR Funding (\$) ^{**}
IA	479	431	32	3	13	4.9	37.2	55	73	426	183	7.25	9.83	611	2,579,149
KS	426	384	32	3	7	5.6	28.5	50	27	429	224-267	7.25	11.66	671	1,718,357
KY	1,976	1,452	82	372	70	8.0	18.8	56	127	262	300	7.25	9.01	613	12,748,690
LA	302	187	51	43	21	6.2	23.9	61	14	240/222	335	N/A	9.05	715	1,438,627
ME	299	203	66	0	30	7.1	22.3	42	0	485	230	7.50	9.4	722	2,291,884
MD	2,381	1,239	1,061	0	81	6.6	15.7	84	120	574	371	7.25	9.51	1,108	17,446,602
MA	2,108	1,541	419	56	92	6.4	10.3	75	108	618	428	8.00	9.95	988	19,826,396
MI	4,100	3,594	241	1	264	8.5	26.4	33	481	492	306	7.40	8.71	716	17,077,100
MN	1,909	1,738	118	2	51	5.4	30.6	55	48	532	250	6.15/5.25	9.21	757	9,573,906
MS	23	8	14	0	1	9.4	21.5	80	N/A	170	110	N/A	8.31	644	800,000
MO	1,250	1,065	72	23	90	6.7	14.9	30	139	292	136	7.35	8.73	668	5,324,960
MT	7	1	6	0	0	5.6	32.9	50	N/A	504	298	7.80/4.00	N/A	627	105,000
NE	912	764	49	6	93	3.8	50.5	54	74	364	222	7.25	10.21	644	4,055,470
NV	933	470	78	365	20	9.7	40.4	51	16	383	335	8.25/7.25	10.19	993	6,748,081
NH	385	363	19	0	3	5.7	24.3	80	151	675	539	7.25	9.63	918	2,550,438
NJ	1,102	279	743	51	29	9.0	12.5	28	34	424	162	7.25	8.88	1,108	3,506,138
NM	315	189	5	101	20	6.9	20	17	0	380	266	7.50	8.3	680	2,002,743
NY	12,417	3,528	8,528	222	139	8.2	26.6	57	198	770	475	7.25	10.78	984	23,738,715
NC	2,389	2,110	162	33	84	9.2	14.4	79	273	272	181	7.25	8.65	720	8,405,330
ND	572	555	5	0	12	3.3	39.8	51	N/A	477	335	7.25	8.47	564	2,858,062
OH	2,483	2,245	177	1	60	7.1	16.2	46	106	450	259	7.85/7.25	8.53	670	8,048,304
OK	343	299	20	11	13	5.0	9.2	38	2	292	190	7.25/2.00	9.33	636	970,015
OR	997	695	104	143	55	8.2	7.2	54	N/A	506	339	8.95	9.18	819	5,519,249
PA	3,464	2,809	413	147	95	7.9	28.6	65	369	421	205	7.25	8.73	738	20,496,542
RI	170	130	38	0	2	9.1	17.7	74	16	554	327	7.75	8.5	890	787,475
SC	196	135	43	4	14	8.4	28.6	57	66	216	128	N/A	8.65	706	594,830
SD	650	646	4	0	0	4.3	20.4	64	25	565	405	7.25	9.6	562	3,668,585
TN	1,633	1,236	203	29	165	7.9	32.1	88	146	185	335	N/A	8.9	682	11,679,364
TX	8,372	5,923	681	954	814	6.4	31.5	82	943	263	335	7.25	8.93	788	43,657,879
UT	1,012	942	30	1	39	4.9	17.2	43	221	498	288	7.25	8.7	793	12,064,884
VT	362	350	12	0	0	4.1	18.4	54	1	640	458	8.60	10.12	829	2,242,253
VA	2,820	1,341	1,198	16	265	5.3	26.6	70	186	389	144-242	7.25	9.88	989	11,689,754
WA	2,860	2,165	555	4	136	7.3	14.6	48	126	478	305	9.19	9.71	911	17,553,062
WV	71	19	44	0	8	7.0	13.6	17	N/A	340	262	7.25	13	552	95,000
WI	882	785	60	9	28	7.1	19.1	51	105	653	653	7.25	9.4	708	5,271,645
WY	5	0	5	0	0	4.9	9.3	N/A	N/A	602	N/A	5.15	N/A	700	0

III. Refugee Employment Outcomes

ORR collects data on employment outcomes from two different sources. One is the Annual Outcome Goal Plan (AOGP) and the other is Matching Grant (MG). Employment outcomes for clients served through the MG program are not reported through AOGP employment outcomes and vice versa.

2. National Refugee AOGP Employment Outcomes (FY 2008 – FY 2012)

	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012
Employment Caseload (#)	76,032	91,957	95,661	81,662	78,738
Entered Employment Rate (%)	49	40	42	50	53
Cash Assistance Termination Rate (%)*	44	52	49	52	49
Cash Assistance Reduction Rate (%)*	11	12	13	14	15
Employment Retention Rate (%)	76	69	73	74	75
Available Health Benefits Rate (%)	63	61	60	61	62
Average Hourly Wage (\$)	8.82	9.02	9.08	8.92	9.27

* The Termination Rate and Reduction Rate are derived from the total number of terminations or reductions divided by the total number of cash assistance recipients placed in employment.

3. Refugee Employment AOGP Outcomes by State (FY 2012)

State ^{##}	Employment Caseload (#)	Entered Employment (%)	Cash Assistance Terminations (%)	Cash Assistance Reductions (%)	90 Day Retention (%)	Health Benefits (%)
AL	124	85	33	40	100	76
AK	161	51	15	68	88	53
AZ	1,594	52	96	4	79	72
AR	51	33	100	0	92	83
CA	8,301	25	21	32	92	29
CO	1,204	68	89	11	88	86
CT	502	54	14	0	55	81
DE	57	63	70	30	83	73
DC	506	36	60	4	86	62
FL	17,401	51	96	0	63	49
GA	1,560	41	79	0	83	76
HI	59	61	0	0	64	38
ID	486	76	72	4	79	31
IL	1,664	53	30	22	76	78
IN	1,592	71	32	32	56	73
IA	476	55	68	0	81	98
KS	734	50	59	19	79	73
KY	1,819	56	62	14	82	73
LA	221	61	58	0	80	32
ME	1,117	42	57	0	67	8

^{##} The State of Wyoming is not listed as it does not have a refugee program.

State##	Employment Caseload (#)	Entered Employment (%)	Cash Assistance Terminations (%)	Cash Assistance Reductions (%)	90 Day Retention (%)	Health Benefits (%)
MD	1,184	84	27	0	89	72
MA	1,526	75	53	40	82	88
MI	4,067	33	35	60	83	27
MN	1,466	55	31	23	69	30
MS	44	80	50	0	80	54
MO	934	30	75	25	74	77
MT	2	50	100	0	0	0
NE	819	54	80	18	67	95
NV	1,519	51	21	3	51	60
NH	324	80	50	50	88	45
NJ	647	28	44	11	68	47
NM	359	17	16	0	23	32
NY	2,437	57	2	98	67	68
NC	1,959	79	88	12	97	81
ND	385	51	42	13	94	83
OH	1,276	46	40	17	48	54
OK	322	38	100	0	78	81
OR	1,446	54	74	26	73	54
PA	2,043	65	86	8	74	65
RI	116	74	59	22	85	28
SC	134	57	100	0	95	75
SD	680	64	90	10	80	78
TN	784	88	33	37	72	77
TX	6,696	82	0	0	86	77
UT	716	43	0	0	87	81
VT	330	54	93	0	84	70
VA	1,646	70	100	0	90	72
WA	2,572	48	69	11	70	27
WV	23	17	50	50	100	0
WI	1,422	51	83	9	57	46

4. Matching Grant Outcomes by State, FY 2012¹⁵

The Matching Grant (MG) Program is an alternative to public cash assistance, providing services to enable ORR-eligible populations to become economically self-sufficient within 120 to 180 days of program eligibility. This fast track approach to self sufficiency includes, but is not limited to, case management, employment services, maintenance assistance, cash allowance, and administration. Self-sufficiency must be achieved without accessing public cash assistance. Approximately 32% of refugees were enrolled in the MG Program during FY12.

State	ORR Populations (#)	New Arrivals Enrolled in MG ¹⁶ (#)	Refugees Enrolled In MG ¹⁶ (#)	Asylees Enrolled in MG ¹⁶ (#)	C/H Entrants Enrolled in MG ¹⁶ (#)	SIV Enrolled in MG ¹⁶ (#)	Self Sufficient at 180 days ¹⁷ (#)	Full-Time Employed (#) ¹⁸	Full-Time with Health Benefits ¹⁹ (#)
AL	204	79	55	0	8	16	12	9	5
AK	117	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
AZ	2,717	1,696	1,407	35	186	62	434	435	244
AR	37	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CA	14,511	1,900	1,014	814	8	63	343	297	112
CO	1,681	593	579	8	0	6	146	144	82
CT	607	272	236	11	10	14	26	54	42
DE	36	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DC	416	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FL	20,246	6,347	1,288	608	4,424	19	1,570	2,104	402
GA	2,823	2,162	2,016	77	41	21	657	667	508
HI	8	51	1	0	0	0	12	13	0
ID	847	261	259	2	0	0	123	64	28
IL	2,921	738	668	30	0	40	146	193	157
IN	1,358	861	807	41	1	10	239	289	230
IA	478	218	209	0	0	8	73	40	28
KS	426	219	214	2	0	3	27	74	35
KY	1,976	500	463	0	24	13	127	127	111
LA	302	79	62	6	8	3	14	30	13
ME	299	49	14	22	0	13	0	9	5
MD	2,381	546	422	104	0	20	120	139	20
MA	2,105	397	324	53	0	17	108	56	35
MI	4,100	1,682	1,616	35	8	23	481	330	188

State	ORR Populations (#)	New Arrivals Enrolled in MG ¹⁶ (#)	Refugees Enrolled In MG ¹⁶ (#)	Asylees Enrolled in MG ¹⁶ (#)	C/H Entrants Enrolled in MG ¹⁶ (#)	SIV Enrolled in MG ¹⁶ (#)	Self Sufficient at 180 days ¹⁷ (#)	Full-Time Employed (#) ¹⁸	Full-Time with Health Benefits ¹⁹ (#)
MN	1,909	270	249	13	2	6	48	21	3
MS	23	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MO	1,249	719	640	11	15	52	139	174	153
MT	7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NE	912	205	176	9	0	20	74	34	32
NV	933	70	2	68	0	0	16	25	21
NH	385	292	287	3	0	2	151	48	24
NJ	1,102	307	149	41	114	3	34	114	38
NM	315	207	108	18	76	5	0	42	5
NY	12,398	2,282	1,114	1,038	65	46	198	875	427
NC	2,389	1,051	971	32	4	44	273	327	225
ND	572	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
OH	2,483	856	796	28	0	31	106	220	101
OK	343	77	72	0	1	4	2	33	23
OR	997	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
PA	3,454	1,908	1,767	90	7	34	369	629	354
RI	170	85	81	3	0	1	16	22	10
SC	196	107	104	0	3	0	66	44	19
SD	650	124	124	0	0	0	25	58	56
TN	1,633	716	623	34	9	50	146	186	135
TX	8,352	4,526	3,640	349	280	240	943	1,283	859
UT	1,008	720	669	17	14	16	221	77	18
VT	362	108	108	0	0	0	1	67	57
VA	2,819	903	706	111	4	80	186	219	140
WA	2,860	617	576	7	3	31	126	109	57
WV	71	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WI	880	254	252	0	0	0	105	22	6
WY	5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL	109,073	35,054	24,868	3,720	5,315	1,016	7,903	9,703	5,008

IV. Secondary Migration

Each year states report on the number of refugees and entrants who moved to a different state outside of their original resettlement location.

5. Snapshot of Net Migration²⁰

Net Migration	
• Minnesota (2,026)	• Arizona (-494)
• Ohio (533)	• California (-464)
• Iowa (446)	• New York (-410)
• Florida (444)	• Texas (-291)
• Oklahoma (220)	• Pennsylvania (-280)
• South Dakota (178)	• Massachusetts (-239)
• Colorado (132)	• Idaho (-237)
• Indiana (114)	• Georgia (-215)
• Nebraska (108)	• North Carolina (-204)
• Kansas (102)	• Tennessee (-182)

6. Secondary Migration (FY 2012)²¹

State	Migration into State (#)	Migration Out of State (#)	Net Migration (#)
AL	9	78	-69
AK	25	27	-2
AZ	122	616	-494
AR	46	3	43
CA	177	641	-464
CO	360	228	132
CT	12	149	-137
DE	1	3	-2
DC	0	5	-5
FL	1,046	602	444
GA	238	453	-215
ID	37	274	-237
IL	211	288	-77
IN	257	143	114
IA	462	16	446
KS	151	49	102
KY	200	327	-127
LA	16	157	-141
ME	161	63	98
MD	91	187	-96
MA	96	335	-239
MI	198	276	-78
MN	2,133	107	2,026

State	Migration into State (#)	Migration Out of State (#)	Net Migration (#)
MS	0	3	-3
MO	162	329	-167
MT	N/A	N/A	N/A
NE	151	43	108
NV	195	178	17
NH	22	48	-26
NJ	5	93	-88
NM	5	140	-135
NY	156	566	-410
NC	170	374	-204
ND	87	54	33
OH	737	204	533
OK	250	30	220
OR	66	177	-111
PA	0	280	-280
RI	4	71	-67
SC	82	30	52
SD	261	83	178
TN	208	390	-182
TX	700	991	-291
UT	73	161	-88
VT	36	23	13
VA	92	177	-85
WA	349	404	-55
WV	2	3	-1
WI	198	175	23
WY	N/A	N/A	N/A

V. Affordable Care Act and Refugees

Overview of the Affordable Care Act

President Obama signed the Affordable Care Act (ACA) into law in March 2010. The law offers protections against insurance company abuses, and makes quality, affordable care more accessible. Different provisions of the law have been implemented over the last couple of years. By January 2014, the law will be fully implemented. In the next few years, 32 million Americans are expected to get health insurance because of ACA. This includes refugees.

ORR eligible populations are covered by the ACA to the same extent as US citizens.

The law increases health care coverage options in two ways: (1) It expands eligibility for Medicaid and (2) It creates a communal marketplace where people can purchase health insurance. The expansion of Medicaid means that refugees and other Americans who are single adults without dependent children can get health coverage through Medicaid as long as they make 133 percent of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) or less. Table 7 lists the income thresholds for the expanded Medicaid program (i.e. 133%), the RMA program (varies by state) and the existing Medicaid program for people with dependent children (varies by state).

States have the option of expanding their Medicaid program to include single adults without dependent children. It is unclear which States will choose this option. More information is expected in August 2013. Table 6 also lists which States appear to support expanding Medicaid. This list is based on the Governor's position in each state and does not consider the unfolding positions of state lawmakers.

Under ACA, refugees and other Americans who make between 133% FPL and 400% FPL will be able to purchase health insurance through a Marketplace at a discounted price. The discount is available through an advanced premium tax credit. Table 8 lists the FPL for FFY 13.

7. ACA State Options and Income Thresholds for Refugee Medical Assistance and Medicaid

State	RMA Income Threshold ²² (% of Federal Poverty Level (FPL))	ACA Medicaid Expansion ²³ (133% of FPL)	Traditional Medicaid - Parents ²⁴ (% of FPL)	Traditional Medicaid - Other Adults ²⁵ (% of FPL)	Marketplace Model ^{26, §§}
AL	200%	Opposes	23%	N/A	FFM
AK	185%	Opposes	78%	N/A	FFM
AZ	200%	Supports	106%	100% (closed)	FFM
AR	200%	Supports	16%	N/A	SPM
CA	200%	Supports	106%	N/A	SBM
CO	200%	Supports	106%	20% (closed)	SBM
CT	200%	Supports	191%	70%	SBM
DE	185%	Supports	120%	110%	SPM
DC	50%	Supports	206%	211%	SBM
FL	185%	Supports	56%	N/A	FFM
GA	200%	Opposes	48%	N/A	FFM
HI	200%	Supports	133%	133%	SBM
ID	150%	Opposes	37%	N/A	SBM
IL	100%	Supports	139%	N/A	SPM
IN	200%	Opposes	24%	N/A	FFM
IA	200%	Opposes	80%	N/A	SPM
KS	185%	Weighing Options	31%	N/A	FFM
KY	200%	Supports	57%	N/A	SBM
LA	133%	Opposes	24%	N/A	FFM
ME	100%	Opposes	133%	N/A	FFM
MD	200%	Supports	122%	N/A	SBM
MA	N/A	Supports	133%	N/A	SBM
MI	200%	Supports	64%	N/A	SPM
MN	175%	Supports	215%	75%	SBM
MS	200%	Opposes	29%	N/A	FFM
MO	200%	Supports	35%	N/A	FFM
MT	200%	Supports	54%	N/A	FFM
NE	133%	Opposes	58%	N/A	FFM
NV	185%	Supports	84%	N/A	SBM

^{§§} Starting October 1, 2013, consumers in all states will be able to choose affordable health insurance options through a new Health Insurance Marketplace. Some states are setting up a State-based Marketplace (SBM), others will work with the federal government in a State Partnership Marketplace (SPM), and the remaining states will have a Federally-facilitated Marketplace (FFM).

State	RMA Income Threshold ²² (% of Federal Poverty Level (FPL))	ACA Medicaid Expansion ²³ (133% of FPL)	Traditional Medicaid - Parents ²⁴ (% of FPL)	Traditional Medicaid - Other Adults ²⁵ (% of FPL)	Marketplace Model ^{26, ***}
NH	200%	Supports	47%	N/A	SPM
NJ	200%	Supports	200% (closed > 133%)	N/A	FFM
NM	200%	Supports	85%	N/A	SBM
NY	200%	Supports	150%	100%	SBM
NC	200%	Opposes	47%	N/A	FFM
ND	200%	Supports	57%	N/A	FFM
OH	100%	Supports	96%	N/A	FFM
OK	185%	Opposes	51%	N/A	FFM
OR	200%	Supports	39%	N/A	SBM
PA	185%	Opposes	58%	N/A	FFM
RI	N/A	Supports	181%	N/A	SBM
SC	200%	Opposes	89%	N/A	FFM
SD	N/A	Weighing Options	50%	N/A	FFM
TN	200%	Opposes	122%	N/A	FFM
TX	200%	Opposes	25%	N/A	FFM
UT	200%	Opposes	42%	N/A	SBM
VT	N/A	Supports	191%	160%	SBM
VA	N/A	Opposes	30%	N/A	FFM
WA	200%	Supports	71%	N/A	SBM
WV	150%	Supports	31%	N/A	SPM
WI	N/A	Opposes	200%	N/A	FFM
WY	N/A	Opposes	50%	N/A	FFM

*** Starting October 1, 2013, consumers in all states will be able to choose affordable health insurance options through a new Health Insurance Marketplace. Some states are setting up a State-based Marketplace (SBM), others will work with the federal government in a State Partnership Marketplace (SPM), and the remaining states will have a Federally-facilitated Marketplace (FFM).

8. FY 2013 Federal Poverty Levels

Family Size²⁷	100% FPL	133% FPL	200% FPL
1	\$11,490	\$15,282	\$22,980
2	\$15,510	\$20,628	\$31,020
3	\$19,530	\$25,975	\$39,060
4	\$23,550	\$31,322	\$47,100
5	\$27,570	\$36,668	\$55,140
6	\$31,590	\$42,015	\$63,180
7	\$35,610	\$47,361	\$71,220
8	\$39,630	\$52,708	\$79,260

VI. Promoting Refugee Placement and Services

Refugee Medical and Mental Health Services

ORR established the Division of Refugee Health as part of the implementation of the office's six guiding principles for effective resettlement. ORR aims to facilitate and increase access to health and mental health services while, improving the quality and efficiency of medical screenings, and raising awareness about certain health conditions affecting refugees and related local resources that can be of assistance.

The refugee medical screening is expected to take place within 30-90 days of a refugee's arrival. ORR has issued revised medical screening guidelines with corresponding reimbursement rates in State Letter #12-09 to promote refugee health and the effective administration of medical screenings in states.

In partnership with ORR, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMSHA) is working with resettlement stakeholders to provide training on suicide prevention and awareness in refugee communities. Additional resources to address mental health include intensive and extended case management services to vulnerable populations. Moving forward, ORR intends to highlight whole health and resiliency factors (e.g., exercise, service to others, sense of meaning and purpose, cognitive reframing) to promote emotional wellness among refugee communities.

Enhanced Case Management

ORR has increased resources for enhanced case management services to support refugees in their integration into the United States. These resources will be provided through the Preferred Communities, Matching Grant and Wilson Fish programs. Through this program, the recipients will provide targeted strengths-based case management through their affiliate networks or other local provider(s) for up to one year. Recipients must ensure the flexibility to support the allocation or reallocation of funds to address the emerging needs of unanticipated or secondary migration throughout the network.

Examples of special populations to be served in this expanded program may include, at a minimum: youth and young adults without parents or permanent guardians who have spent an unusually long period under refugee camp conditions; single mothers; elderly refugees without a family support system; refugees experiencing social or psychological conditions, including emotional trauma resulting from war or sexual or gender-based violence; lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender (LGBT) refugees; refugees who are HIV-positive; refugees who have a history of suicide risk factors or other populations with physical disabilities, mental health conditions or medical conditions identified and determined as needing intensive case management.

Department of Labor

In November 2012, ORR restarted its collaboration with the Department of Labor. Since that time, ORR has had various conversations with offices and administrations within the Department. To date, ORR's main partner in the collaboration is the Employment and Training Administration (ETA). In the near future, ORR will be issuing a state letter with more details including products such as a "Refugee 101" webcast and a refugee map on America's Service Locator.

Department of Education

ORR has continued partnering with the Department of Education, specifically the Offices of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE), English Language Acquisition (OELA) and Elementary and Secondary School Education (OESE). As part of this partnership, this spring, OELA and OESE invited ORR to present on a webinar entitled “Meeting the Needs of Students with Interrupted Formal Education and Refugee Backgrounds” to Title III State Education Agency Administrators.

Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

ORR is exploring a renewed collaboration with HUD in order to see what resources/information can be provided to refugees and the resettlement network in order to support housing needs.

Corporation for National and Community Services (CNCS)

At the beginning of FY 13, ORR reached out to CNCS to discuss a possible collaboration. ORR has created a current footprint of linkages between the resettlement network and CNCS programs. ORR is in conversation with CNCS regarding the possibility of creating a nationwide program that would serve refugees and other ORR eligible populations.

Appendix A: Additional Resources

Employment

- **U.S. Census Bureau economic statistics** includes employment rates by industry- <http://www.census.gov/econ/>.
- **U.S. Census Bureau industry and local business statistics** includes state snapshots- http://www.census.gov/econ/census/snapshots_center/.
- **State Occupational Projections** estimate jobs growth, by state and industry- <http://www.projectionscentral.com/Home/Index>.
- **The Occupational Outlook Handbook** by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics provides detailed projections on the employment picture by state- <http://www.bls.gov/ooh/>.

Poverty and Public Benefits

The Urban Institute's annual **Welfare Rules Databook** provides tables containing key TANF policies for each state, as well as longitudinal tables describing selected state policies from 1996 onward - <http://www.urban.org/publications/412641.html>.

Health Benefits and Affordable Care Act

- **Health insurance exchange characteristics.** In addition to distinguishing state, federal, and partnership-based exchanges, PRM and VOLAGs should consider which states are establishing active purchaser exchanges in which the state acts as negotiator on plan quality and pricing- <http://www.kff.org/healthreform/upload/8213-2.pdf>.
- **Level of Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) expansion.** States are able to receive reimbursement at a higher level, potentially covering more children of refugees - <http://www.refugeehealthta.org/access-to-care/affordable-care-act/>.
- **Statehealthfacts.org** is a project of the Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation that provides up-to-date and easy-to-use health data for all 50 states - www.statehealthfacts.org. In particular, state-level fact sheets provide up-to-date information on healthcare reform developments - <http://www.statehealthfacts.org/healthreformsource.jsp>.
- The **National Association of Community Health Centers** works with a network of state health center and primary care organizations to provide affordable healthcare, serving 36 percent uninsured patients and 39 percent Medicaid patients nationally in 2011 - www.nachc.com.
- The **Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services (CMCS)** provides data and information on Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) - www.medicaid.gov.
- The **Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation (CMMI)** tests innovative payment and service delivery models for individuals who receive Medicare, Medicaid, or Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) benefits - www.innovation.cms.gov/index.html. Participation in CMMI projects can provide some indication of the degree to which states are innovating to better serve vulnerable populations.

Endnotes

- ¹ Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Refugee Resettlement FY 2012 Data.
- ² Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Refugee Resettlement FY 2012 Data.
- ³ Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Refugee Resettlement FY 2012 Data.
- ⁴ Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Refugee Resettlement FY 2012 Data.
- ⁵ Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Refugee Resettlement FY 2012 Data.
- ⁶ Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) data for March 2013, <http://www.bls.gov/web/laus/laumstrk.htm>.
- ⁷ Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Family Assistance, Characteristics and Financial Circumstances of TANF Recipients, FY 2009: Table 30: TANF - Active Cases, Percent Distribution of TANF Adult Recipients by Employment Status, <http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ofa/resource/character/fy2009/tab30>.
- ⁸ Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Refugee Resettlement FY 2013 AOGP Data.
- ⁹ Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Refugee Resettlement FY 2012 Data.
- ¹⁰ Source: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities: <http://www.cbpp.org/files/3-28-13tanf.pdf>. These data may vary at the local level.
- ¹¹ Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Refugee Resettlement FY 2012 data collected by state analysts.
- ¹² These data may vary throughout the state based on employer size, benefits offered, and other factors. Source: U.S. Department of Labor: <http://www.dol.gov/whd/minwage/america.htm>.
- ¹³ Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Refugee Resettlement FY 2013 AOGP Data.
- ¹⁴ Source: U.S. Census Bureau: <http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/2012/tables/12s0997.xls>.
- ¹⁵ Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Refugee Resettlement FY 2012 Data.
- ¹⁶ New arrivals enrolled into the Matching Grant Program include the principal applicant and eligible dependents.
- ¹⁷ The Self Sufficiency at 180 Days metric is a report of the principal applicants only. Self-sufficiency is defined at 45 CFR §400.2 as “earning a total family income at a level that enables a family unit to support itself without receipt of a cash assistance grant.”
- ¹⁸ The Full-Time Employment metric is a report of the principal applicants only.
- ¹⁹ The Full-Time with Health Benefits metric is a report of the principal applicants only. *Health Benefits* includes full-time employed refugees who are offered health benefits whether or not they accept the benefit through their employer.
- ²⁰ Source: Refugee Arrivals Data System (RADS). The secondary migration data captured here is only for refugees and Cuban/Haitian Entrants and does not include SIV and asylee migrants.
- ²¹ Source: Refugee Arrivals Data System (RADS). The secondary migration data captured here is only for refugees and Cuban/Haitian Entrants and does not include SIV and asylee migrants.
- ²² Data is based on State Plans or conversations between ORR State Analysts and the State.
- ²³ Data is based on information from the Kaiser Family Foundation website, which tracked Governors’ positions on the option to expand or not to expand Medicaid as of May 9, 2013. These positions are not final and may change over time. Please visit the following link for ongoing updates: <http://kff.org/medicaid/state-indicator/state-activity-around-expanding-medicaid-under-the-affordable-care-act/>.
- ²⁴ Data is based on information from the Kaiser Family Foundation website.
- ²⁵ Data is based on information from the Kaiser Family Foundation website.
- ²⁶ Data is based on information provided by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Federal data sources did not indicate the type of Marketplace for Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Ohio and Virginia. Non-federal sources such as the Advisory Board Committee and the Kaiser Family Foundation indicate that these states will have federally-facilitated marketplaces.
- ²⁷ For families/households with more than 8 persons, add \$4,020 for each additional person. Federal Poverty Levels (FPLs) for Hawaii and Alaska are slightly higher. Please see the following link for more information: <https://www.federalregister.gov/articles/2013/01/24/2013-01422/annual-update-of-the-hhs-poverty-guidelines#t-1>.

State	Cash & Medical Assistance ²	Wilson Fish RCA ³	Matching Grant ⁴	Social Services	Targeted Assistance Formula	Refugee School Impact	Targeted Assistance Discretionary	Services to Older Refugees	Preventive Health	Cuban/ Haitian	Individual Development Accounts ⁵	Survivors of Torture	Micro-enterprise Development	MED - Home Based Childcare Development	Supplemental Services	Ethnic Community Self-Help	Preferred Communities	Refugee Agricultural Partnership	Total by State
Alabama		\$ 483,629	\$ 132,000	115,203		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 0									\$ 830,832
Alaska		\$ 825,023		100,000		\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0									\$ 1,275,023
Arizona	\$ 9,135,000		\$ 3,553,000	2,414,380	1,745,973	\$ 575,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 194,844		\$ 325,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 175,000		\$ 450,000			\$ 19,143,197
Arkansas	\$ 20,000			75,000		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0									\$ 95,000
California	\$ 25,400,000	\$ 3,585,317	\$ 3,077,800	7,775,287	4,498,895	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 925,804	\$ 1,501,000	\$ 580,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 450,000	\$ 1,046,495	\$ 81,000		\$ 50,771,598
Colorado	\$ 7,140,000	\$ 2,503,165	\$ 1,031,800	1,896,854	867,972	\$ 430,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 270,000		\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 321,000	\$ 122,500		\$ 15,333,291
Connecticut	\$ 655,369		\$ 484,000	403,209		\$ 200,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0		\$ 200,000		\$ 175,000					\$ 2,492,578
Delaware	\$ 125,000			75,000		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0									\$ 200,000
DC	\$ 1,185,000			199,832		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0									\$ 1,384,832
Florida	\$ 62,865,626		\$ 10,474,200	22,387,846	13,286,070	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 16,734,234		\$ 450,000	\$ 200,000			\$ 125,000	\$ 40,000		\$ 128,162,976
Georgia	\$ 3,870,000		\$ 4,006,200	2,597,818	1,644,819	\$ 560,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 152,790	\$ 100,000	\$ 270,000				\$ 100,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 66,000	\$ 85,000	\$ 13,727,627
Hawaii	\$ 15,000		\$ 66,000	75,000		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0									\$ 156,000
Idaho	\$ 1,150,000	\$ 1,958,365	\$ 530,200	737,739	345,299	\$ 325,000	\$ 174,282	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0			\$ 200,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 100,000			\$ 70,000	\$ 5,965,885
Illinois	\$ 5,765,000		\$ 1,346,400	2,169,796	1,114,121	\$ 600,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 133,542	\$ 0		\$ 400,000				\$ 395,000		\$ 80,000	\$ 12,353,859
Indiana	\$ 950,000		\$ 1,361,800	1,100,184	592,307	\$ 316,759	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 200,000			\$ 135,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 125,000		\$ 75,000	\$ 5,106,050
Iowa	\$ 850,000		\$ 495,000	545,883	188,266	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0									\$ 2,579,149
Kansas	\$ 687,465		\$ 308,000	397,892		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 0							\$ 225,000		\$ 1,718,357
Kentucky		\$ 6,978,083	\$ 860,200	1,713,417	994,627	\$ 420,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 348,355	\$ 200,000	\$ 325,000	\$ 174,008		\$ 225,000		\$ 45,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 12,748,690
Louisiana	\$ 77,252	\$ 758,129	\$ 231,000	282,246		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 90,000	\$ 0									\$ 1,438,627
Maine	\$ 275,000		\$ 99,000	327,884		\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0	\$ 230,000	\$ 360,000	\$ 200,000		\$ 250,000			\$ 50,000	\$ 2,291,884
Maryland	\$ 11,850,000		\$ 1,729,200	1,470,605	813,243	\$ 350,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 112,020	\$ 0	\$ 221,534	\$ 450,000			\$ 200,000				\$ 17,446,602
Massachusetts	\$ 9,700,000	\$ 3,528,385	\$ 1,368,400	1,576,946	885,165	\$ 420,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 230,000	\$ 825,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 100,000		\$ 62,500	\$ 155,000	\$ 19,826,396
Michigan	\$ 8,198,036		\$ 2,021,800	2,824,235	1,595,529	\$ 600,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 0		\$ 935,000		\$ 175,000		\$ 175,000	\$ 152,500		\$ 17,077,100
Minnesota	\$ 3,070,000		\$ 444,400	2,543,761	985,745	\$ 500,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 245,000	\$ 535,000		\$ 175,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 525,000			\$ 9,573,906
Mississippi	\$ 725,000			75,000		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0									\$ 800,000
Missouri	\$ 1,080,000		\$ 1,445,400	965,043	323,519	\$ 320,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 0		\$ 400,000	\$ 245,998	\$ 175,000				\$ 80,000	\$ 5,324,960
Montana	\$ 30,000			75,000		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0									\$ 105,000
Nebraska	\$ 1,800,000		\$ 618,200	728,435	333,835	\$ 200,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0									\$ 4,055,470
Nevada		\$ 4,962,968	\$ 154,000	585,318	368,795	\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 250,000							\$ 77,000		\$ 6,748,081
New Hampshire	\$ 539,357		\$ 666,600	459,481		\$ 175,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0						\$ 290,000		\$ 70,000	\$ 2,550,438
New Jersey	\$ 1,535,000		\$ 963,600	546,326		\$ 200,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 61,212	\$ 200,000									\$ 3,506,138
New Mexico	\$ 780,000		\$ 330,000	192,743		\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 0			\$ 200,000		\$ 100,000				\$ 2,002,743
New York	\$ 7,320,000		\$ 5,024,800	3,964,297	2,407,051	\$ 975,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 172,567	\$ 925,000	\$ 950,000	\$ 480,000		\$ 725,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 70,000	\$ 23,738,715
North Carolina	\$ 2,486,000		\$ 2,046,000	2,074,089	744,753	\$ 437,488	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000						\$ 40,000	\$ 77,000		\$ 6,405,330
North Dakota	\$ 1,015,000	\$ 1,104,857		368,205		\$ 170,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0									\$ 2,858,062
Ohio	\$ 3,085,000		\$ 1,240,800	1,896,854	465,650	\$ 375,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 200,000		\$ 250,000		\$ 100,000		\$ 185,000		\$ 8,048,304
Oklahoma	\$ 525,000		\$ 167,200	277,815		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0									\$ 970,015
Oregon	\$ 2,685,000			903,011	666,238	\$ 280,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000		\$ 410,000		\$ 175,000	\$ 100,000				\$ 5,519,249
Pennsylvania	\$ 12,100,000		\$ 2,728,000	2,604,907	1,143,635	\$ 485,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 325,000		\$ 165,000	\$ 150,000		\$ 95,000		\$ 20,496,542
Rhode Island	\$ 140,000		\$ 176,000	171,475		\$ 0	\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0					\$ 150,000				\$ 787,475
South Carolina	\$ 208,672		\$ 220,000	166,158		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0									\$ 594,830
South Dakota	\$ 405,000	\$ 967,620	\$ 330,000	591,964	243,284	\$ 185,753	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0	\$ 269,964			\$ 175,000	\$ 150,000				\$ 3,668,585
Tennessee		\$ 7,046,733	\$ 1,513,600	1,271,659	593,740	\$ 370,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 138,303	\$ 0						\$ 325,000	\$ 170,329		\$ 11,679,364
Texas	\$ 21,330,000		\$ 8,338,000	6,919,243	4,165,636	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 500,000					\$ 450,000	\$ 405,000		\$ 85,000	\$ 43,657,879
Utah	\$ 8,467,688		\$ 1,166,000	845,410	563,938	\$ 350,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 111,848	\$ 0		\$ 325,000							\$ 12,064,884
Vermont	\$ 455,000	\$ 539,422	\$ 209,000	308,831		\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0		\$ 220,000			\$ 100,000			\$ 60,000	\$ 2,242,253
Virginia	\$ 6,250,000		\$ 1,555,400	1,467,946	187,408	\$ 400,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 224,000	\$ 415,000	\$ 250,000		\$ 250,000	\$ 325,000	\$ 40,000		\$ 11,689,754
Washington	\$ 9,630,000		\$ 1,509,200	2,304,937	1,420,736	\$ 650,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 0	\$ 152,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 436,189	\$ 175,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 275,000			\$ 17,553,062
West Virginia	\$ 20,000			75,000		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0									\$ 95,000
Wisconsin	\$ 2,709,197		\$ 451,000	756,349	375,099	\$ 230,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0		\$ 150,000			\$ 150,000				\$ 5,271,645
Total	\$ 238,304,662	\$ 35,241,696	\$ 64,473,200	84,401,513	\$ 43,561,348	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 4,849,282	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 4,729,715	\$ 19,000,000	\$ 4,913,302	\$ 9,701,000	\$ 3,891,195	\$ 2,225,000	\$ 4,650,000	\$ 5,132,495	\$ 1,451,829	\$ 1,107,000	\$ 546,133,237

Footnotes:
¹ This table represents a snapshot of ORR funding available. Amounts will vary as new funding opportunities are awarded and as continuation applications are processed. In addition, amounts will also vary as grantees sub-award funds throughout their network.
² Cash & Medical Assistance amounts listed here are for FY 2012 awards. Social Services and Targeted Assistance Formula Grant amounts listed here are for FY 2012 allocations.
³ Wilson Fish RCA figures were awarded in FY 2012 and throughout FY 2013. The Wilson Fish Refugee CMA funds in the column for California (\$3,585,317) are awarded only to San Diego County. The rest of the California operates a state administered program.
⁴ FY 2012 Matching Grant funds shown here are awarded to Volags. Volags may reallocate funds depending on need in their network.
⁵ Funding figures for the Preventive Health, Refugee School Impact, Services to Older Refugees, Cuban Haitian and Targeted Assistance Discretionary are FY 2012 awards. IDA, MED, SOT, Supplemental, Ethnic Community, and RAPP Discretionary figures shown in this table are FY 2012 awards. These grants are not managed by the state and may be awarded to different organizations within one state. PC grants are awarded to Resettlement Agencies who sub-award funding to their local affiliates.